

● 試題演練

I. Multiple choice:

1. Though _____ in San Francisco, Charles Brown had always preferred to record the plain facts of the life of a small town.
(A)raised (B)rose
(C)arouse (D)aroused
2. The main strength of these songs _____ their emotional impact rather than in the information they convey.
(A)lays (B)lies
(C)lies in (D)lied on
3. It is generally accepted that the young can _____ to change more easily than the older.
(A)adopt (B)adjust
(C)adapt (D)suit
4. While they were getting close to the beach, the sun _____ brightly.
(A)shined (B)shone
(C)shoned
5. After hearing the long, boring speech made by the principal, most of the students _____.
(A)fell asleep (B)feel asleep
(C)fell sleepy (D)fill sleepy

II. Grammatical errors:

1. When the rain stopped, they setted out again because they found no place to take a rest.
(A) (B) (C)
(D)
2. A lot of passengers wound in the train accident because it happened so suddenly
(A) (B) (C)

Q 模擬試題

Question practice 

I. Multiple choice:

1. It is drizzling now. It _____ for almost a month.
(A)has rained (B)had rained
(C)rained (D)has been raining
2. “When is the fashion show supposed to start?”
“It _____ now.”
(A)is about start (B)has been starting
(C)is about to start (D)has started
3. If it _____ tomorrow, we’ll hold the sports meet.
(A)will not rain (B)does not rain
(C)is not raining (D)would not rain
4. He _____ for five years.
(A)joined the club (B)has joined the club
(C)was a member of the club (D)has been a member of the club
5. I shall tell you what he _____ at three o’clock yesterday afternoon.
(A)had been doing (B)has done
(C)has been doing (D)was doing
6. John died last year. He _____ always cruel to his son.
(A)is (B)was
(C)will be (D)was being
7. I hope I _____ no mistakes in my work so far.
(A)make (B)am making
(C)have made (D)was making
8. When I was young, I _____ horses every day.
(A)am used to ride (B)use to ride
(C)used to ride (D)used to be riding

half of it.

(D)

10. The baby is sleeping all this afternoon and is still fast asleep.
(A) (B) (C) (D)

【解答】

I. Multiple choice:

1. (D) ; now表示現在仍在下雨，而for almost ...則強調下雨的持續性，故用現在完成進行式。
2. (C) ; be about to + V原形：即將。
3. (B) ; 用條件子句時，要用現在簡單式。
4. (D) ; join這個動作不宜用完成式，所以has been較好。
5. (D) ; at three o'clock yesterday afternoon是強調過去的某時點，故用過去進行式。
6. (B)
7. (C) ; so far（到目前為止）是與現在完成式連用的副詞片語。
8. (C) ; used to + V原形：過去常常。
9. (B)
10. (D) ; 時間 + ago要與過去簡單式聯用。
11. (B) ; smell是感官動詞，要用現在簡單式表達，不可用進行式。
12. (D) ; as soon as + 現在簡單式是表示未來的狀況。
13. (A) ; It is (high) time + that + S + 過去簡單式。
14. (D) ; By + 未來的時間（到...為止）是與未來完成式聯用。
15. (C) ; at the moment（此刻）是與現在進行式聯用。
16. (B) ; 有表示過去時間的rang所以while子句中要用過去進行式。
17. (B) ; 比過去還早的過去要用過去完成式。
18. (A)
19. (B)
20. (B)

歷屆試題

Question practice 

I. Multiple choice:

1. She _____ him the birthday present yesterday.
(A)has given (B)gave
(C)didn't gave (D)was given (90中正)
2. Because Mexico shares a long border with the United States, the histories of the two countries _____.
(A)intertwined (B)are intertwined
(C)were intertwined (D)intertwining (90輔大)
3. Mr. Lin _____ swimming in Taipei for many years before he went to Taichung.
(A)teaches (B)taught
(C)has taught (D)had taught (90輔大)
4. Linda _____ to the United States many times.
(A)is going (B)had gone
(C)has gone (D)will go (90輔大)
5. People in the village tried every possible way to get the pond _____ again.
(A)be cleaned (B)cleaned
(C)cleaning (D)to clean (90輔大)
6. Oxford College was established in Tamsui which still _____ in Alethia University near Tanchiang High School.
(A)stand (B)standing
(C)stands (D)stood (90淡江)
7. Most major surveys in recent years _____ that Americans are satisfied with their family life.
(A)have find (B)has found
(C)find (D)have found (91中正)
8. "It is good to see you again, John."

8. He hated parties and has always tried to avoid them. (92東吳)
9. He worked here for almost six months, and he still doesn't know all his coworkers. (93東吳)
10. Not let any one know what you have in your mind before you start bidding.
(A) (B) (C)
- Keeping your price list confidential is essential. (94淡江)
(D) (E)

III. Fill in the blanks with proper word(s):

1. _____ you ever _____ (be) to America? – No, not yet. (93中原)
2. (In restaurant) Oh, this steak _____ (taste) good. I really _____ (feel) hungry. (93中原)
3. She _____ (sit) by the window for a while when she suddenly saw a shadow came across the garden. (93中原)
4. This morning while Tom _____ (prepare) breakfast, the phone _____ (ring). It was Helen on the phone. (93中原)
5. How often _____ you _____ (wash) you hair? – Twice a week. (93中原)
6. The sea _____ (cover) two thirds of the earth. (93中原)

【解答】

I. Multiple choice:

1. (B)
2. (B) ; interwine : 交織。
3. (D) ; 後半句的時間發生在過去，而主要子句的時間比後半句的時間更早，所以用過去完成式。
4. (C) ; 表示已經發生過的動作，用過去完成式 (had gone) 比較適當，尤其是說到一種過去的經驗 (many times) 。
5. (B) ; get + 受詞 + 過去分詞：使…被…。受詞與過去分詞有被動的關係。
6. (D)